SAFE CLEANING

SAFETY INSTRUCTION CARD JANUARY



PROPER USE

Always read the label of the cleaning product for correct use.

* See addendum: How do you read a label? Hazard symbols and their meanings.



Always use the recommended amount of cleaning product.



First spray the product on your cleaning cloth and not directly on the surface or material to be cleaned.

WORK SAFELY

Be extra careful when using products on delicate materials such as parquet floors, epoxy, etc. Avoid using vinegar. This is a corrosive product that can cause serious damage.

If you change cleaning products, change cloths. That way you don't mix products.

Use gloves when using products.

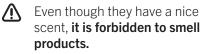


- Keep products out of the reach of children.
 - Regularly ventilate the home while working with cleaning products. Make sure there is sufficient ventilation when using products in small spaces such as bathroom, shower, toilet

WHAT YOU MUST **NOT DO**











Eating and smoking while using cleaning products is prohibited.



Only work with cleaning products in the original packaging and with a legible label.





PROHIBITED **PRODUCTS**



/ Do not work with prohibited products. They are bad

for your health and can cause damage to the surfaces and materials on which they are used.

Prohibited products

- Caustic soda •
- Bleach •
- Fire alcohol •
- Antikal
- Unblockers
- Degreasers such as Cillit • Bang
- Ammonia. acetone. ether
- Industrial products,



THE USE OF HAND GEL

- Let you hand gel or spray dry for at least 30 seconds after use so that it can do its sanitizing work. Then you are also sure that all alcohol vapor is gone.
- Never light a cigarette immediately after disinfecting your hands with alcohol gel. A small amount of alcohol vapor is released around the area where you apply the gel, which can be ignited by the flame of your lighter. This also applies to lighting the BBQ, gas fire,...
- Keep handles and disinfectants out of the reach of children.
- Do not leave handels in direct sun. Heating can release flammable alcohol vapors.
- Hand gels are poisonous, avoid contact with eyes and mouth. Call a doctor or poison control center immediately after taking it.
- Preferably wash hands with soap and water for a long time.

DISINFECTING **PRODUCTS**

Do not spray disinfectants directly on objects such as doors, handles, light switches, but always on a cloth or paper.

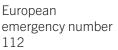


USEFUL NUMBERS



Poison control center 070 245 245







Fire brigade 100



Ambulance 100



Occupational physician for workrelated health complaints

DID YOU KNOW THAT WE HAVE DEVELOPED OUR OWN SAFE CLEANING PRODUCTS?

With our concentrated Glowi cleaning products you can get started safely and healthily!

100% ecologically

100% safe 200% effective

More information about the use of our products can be found in our Glowi product flyer or at www.poetsbureau.be/shop.





ADDENDUM Safety instruction card January

• HOW DO YOU READ A LABEL?

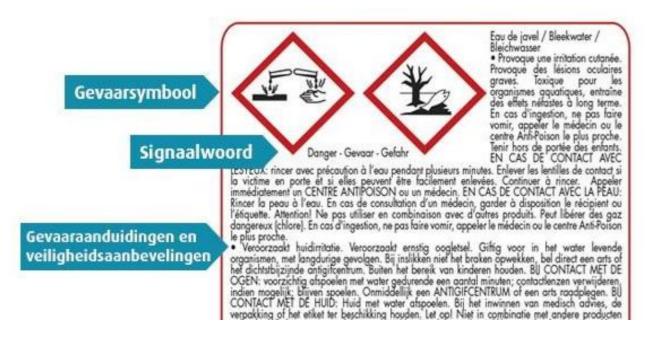
• HAZARD SYMBOLS AND THEIR MEANING

	Acute toxicity. Harmful or fatal if swallowed, inhaled or in contact with skin.
	Examples: Winter products with methanol such as antifreeze and thawing agents
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	Corrosive. Can cause severe burns and eye damage.
L.	Examples: Sink cleaner and strong descaling agents
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	Health hazard. May cause an allergic skin reaction or serious eye irritation; may be
$\langle \rangle$	harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or inhaled; can harm the environment.
· · ·	Examples: Hand dishwashing detergents and dishwasher tablets
• 2	
	Serious health risk. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child; may cause
	cancer or genetic damage; may cause allergy or asthma symptoms, damage to
	organs, or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	Examples: Thinner (paint thinner)
	Explosive. Unstable explosive; mass explosion, projection, fire or blast blast
	hazard.
	Examples: Fireworks
	Flammable. Highly or extremely flammable gas, aerosol, liquid, vapor or solid.
	Encountry Conjuit another the bring time of an allowed and the second with
	Examples: Spirit, acetone, lubricating oil and spray cans with paint
•	
	Oxidizing agent. Highly or extremely flammable gas, aerosol, liquid, vapor or solid.
<10>	Examples. These are the products for the professional market that you will not find
	Examples: These are the products for the professional market that you will not find in the supermarket.
	Gas under pressure. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated, cause
	burns or injury
	Examples: Bottles with oxygen
•	
NU	Harmful for the environment. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	Examples, Cartain area protection products
	Examples: Certain crop protection products



Explanation of the hazard symbols

The hazard and precautionary statements provide explanations for the hazard symbols.



Gevaarsymbool = Hazard symbol Signaalwoord = Signal word Gevaaraanduidingen en veiligheidsaanbevelingen = Hazard and precautionary statements

- The **hazard statements** describe the severity (for example highly toxic or harmful) and the circumstances in which hazards can occur (for example, through skin contact or inhalation).
- The **safety recommendations** indicate how you should use a product to limit the risks (for example by wearing protective gloves).
- Two signal words indicate the degree of danger
 - "gevaar" = "danger" for the most dangerous products
 - "waarschuwing" = "warning" for less dangerous products

Accident with chemical household products?

Always call the Poison Control Center immediately on the free number 070 245 245.

In the meantime, bring the first concerns:

- Do not induce vomiting.
- Rinse long with lukewarm running water in case of contact with eyes or skin.
- Move the victim when inhaling toxic fumes from the area.
- Have the packaging or label to hand. This way the emergency services know which product is involved.

